```
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200549
         (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent
Set
                Description
S1
       271028
                CHECKPOINT? ? OR KEYPOINT? ? OR TRIGGERPOINT? ? OR (CHECK -
             OR KEY OR TRIGGER) () POINT? ? OR MARK? ? OR MARKER? ? OR (STAR-
             T??? OR END???) () POINT? ? OR TAG OR TAGS
S2
        41533
                S1(10N)(SEGMENT? ? OR SECTION? ? OR PORTION? ? OR PART OR -
             PARTS OR FRAGMENT? ? OR BLOCK? ? OR PARAGRAPH? ? OR CHUNK? ? -
             OR PAGE OR PAGES)
S3
       151459
                (ENCRYPT? OR ENCIPHER??? OR CIPHER??? OR PROTECT???? OR SC-
             RAMBL??? OR SECURE? ? OR SECURING) (7N) (SEGMENT? ? OR SECTION?
             ? OR PORTION? ? OR PART OR PARTS OR FRAGMENT? ? OR BLOCK? ? OR
              PARAGRAPH? ? OR CHUNK? ? OR PAGE OR PAGES)
        11654
                S1(7N)(INSERT??? OR ADD??? OR PLACE? ? OR PLACING)
S4
                S2 AND S3
S5
          718
S6
                S5 AND S4
                DOCUMENT? ? OR ARTICLE? ? OR MANUSCRIPT? ? OR WRITTEN() WOR-
S7
      2415889
             K? ? OR DIGITAL()(ASSET? ? OR GOOD? ?) OR VIDEO? ? OR MOVIE? ?
              OR FILM? ? OR MUSIC OR SONG? ? OR AUDIO OR MP3? ?
               SOFTWARE OR PROGRAM? ? OR APPLICATION? ? OR CONTENT? ? OR -
S8
      4275173
             FILE? ? OR DATA OR INFORMATION OR INTELLECTUAL() PROPERTY
                S7:S8(7N) (ENCRYPT? OR ENCIPHER??? OR CIPHER??? OR PROTECT?-
S9
       153997
             ??? OR SCRAMBL??? OR SECURE? ? OR SECURING)
S10
          152
                S5 AND S9
                S6 AND S9
S11
           11
                S6 NOT S11
S12
           43
                S12 AND AC=US/PR
S13
           12
S14
                S13 AND AY=(1963:2000)/PR
           11
                S12 AND PY=1963:2000
S15
           32
S16
           33
                S14:S15
                AU='SALAHSHOOR M R':AU='SALAHSHOOR MOHAMAD R'
S17
           12
S18
          141
                S10 NOT S6
                S18 AND AC=US/PR
S19
           34
S20
           20
                S19 AND AY=(1963:2000)/PR
                S18 AND PY=1963:2000
S21
           86
S22
           96
                S20:S21
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File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Apr (Updated 050801)

16/5/10 (Item 10 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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02249730 **Image available**

BINARY BALANCED TRANSMITTING SYSTEM HAVING ERROR CORRECTING FUNCTION

PUB. NO.: 62-166630 [JP 62166630 A] PUBLISHED: July 23, 1987 (19870723)

INVENTOR(s): KIKKAI NORIAKI NISHI SHIGETO

SHIMAZU YOSHIHIRO

APPLICANT(s): NIPPON TELEGR & TELEPH CORP <NTT> [000422] (A Japanese

Company or Corporation), JP (Japan)

APPL. NO.: 61-007899 [JP 867899] FILED: January 20, 1986 (19860120)

INTL CLASS: [4] H04L-001/00; H03M-013/00; H04L-025/49

JAPIO CLASS: 44.3 (COMMUNICATION -- Telegraphy); 42.4 (ELECTRONICS --

Basic Circuits)

JOURNAL: Section: E, Section No. 571, Vol. 12, No. 7, Pg. 102, January

09, 1988 (19880109)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To maintain the error correcting capacity of a Hamming code and, at the same time, to make error correction possible, by constituting an error correcting code which is controlled so as to produce the mark rate balancing property in the block of an error inspecting bit and mark balance adding bit.

CONSTITUTION: After an information sequence is distributed to four sequences by means of a serial-parallel conversion section 1, error inspecting bits c(sub 1)-c(sub 4) are implemented to each sequence by operation. Eight-sequence signals are combined at a parallel/serial conversion section 2 and converted into optical signals by an electrooptic converter 3, and then, the optical signals are sent to an optical fiber cable. Received optical signals are converted into electric signals by a photoelectric converter 4. The electric signals are first distributed to 8-sequence signals by a serial/ parallel conversion section 5 and block synchronism is secured to the sequences. Collation of an inspection pattern with a received inspection pattern is performed by an inspection pattern collating section 7 and a syndrome is found by means of a syndrome generating section 8. Wrong bits in the information sequence are corrected at an error correcting section 9 and the original information sequence is restored by a parallel/serial conversion section 10.

16/5/11 (Item 11 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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01415842 **Image available**
SCRAMBLING SYSTEM FOR VOICE SIGNAL

PUB. NO.: 59-127442 [JP 59127442 A] PUBLISHED: July 23, 1984 (19840723)

INVENTOR(s): SAKAMOTO AKIRA FUKAMI TAKESHI

SUGITA TAKEHIRO TOYOSHIMA MASAKATSU WAKU TOSHIHIKO

KOMATSUBARA MICHIMASA

APPLICANT(s): SONY CORP [000218] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 58-002481 [JP 832481] .
FILED: January 11, 1983 (19830111)

INTL CLASS: [3] H04K-001/06

JAPIO CLASS: 44.2 (COMMUNICATION -- Transmission Systems)

JOURNAL: Section: E, Section No. 279, Vol. 08, No. 250, Pg. 134,

November 16, 1984 (19841116)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To smooth connections in rearrangement and to improve the precision of a voice signal by using a marker signal inserted into a redundant time part for the measurement of segment time length when the time-axis compression of a time-axis stretching system is performed.

CONSTITUTION: A scrambled voice signal is sent out to a decoder side while the marker signal SM is inserted into its redundant time part. The decoder side detects the marker signal SM in the scrambled signal and measures segment time lengths T'(sub 1)-T'(sub 4) by the marker signal SM. When the signal is sent out after being rearranged, its time is used as segment time to smooth connections between waveforms. Therefore, the deterioration in the quality of voice signal due to discontinuity of connecting points is prevented.

16/5/12 (Item 12 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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00933575 **Image available**

MARK READING SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 57-083875 [JP 57083875 A]

PUBLISHED: May 25, 1982 (19820525)

INVENTOR(s): INOUE MASASHI

APPLICANT(s): HITACHI LTD [000510] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 55-159476 [JP 80159476] FILED: November 14, 1980 (19801114)

INTL CLASS: [3] G06K-007/10

JAPIO CLASS: 45.3 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Input Output Units); 36.4

(LABOR SAVING DEVICES -- Service Automation)

JAPIO KEYWORD: R087 (PRECISION MACHINES -- Automatic Banking); R107

(INFORMATION PROCESSING -- OCR & OMR Optical Readers)

JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 138, Vol. 06, No. 166, Pg. 134,

August 31, 1982 (19820831)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To facilitate an easy identification of the reading mark and to secure the accurate reading of a page mark, etc., by providing plural photoelectric transducers to detect the same mark at a time and adding or multiplying the outputs of these transducers to perform the slicing with a prescribed level.

CONSTITUTION: A banknote 17 is transported by rollers 4 and 5 on a conveying path 2 to the positions of page mark reading photoelectric transducers 10A and 10B to read the same page mark of the note 17 at a time. The page mark thus read at a time is amplified and receives a waveform shaping by amplifiers 11A and 11B to be supplied to an arithmetic circuit 12. Then the outputs of the amplifiers 11A and 11B are added or multiplied each other and supplied to a register 13 to be sliced at a prescribed level. This output is then supplied to a comparator 16 with exclusion of the noise part caused by the soil on the note 17. Thus the page mark is identified assuredly, and the necessary printing is carried out at a prescribed area of the note 17 and through a printing part 3.

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DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
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014013883
WPI Acc No: 2001-498097/200155
XRPX Acc No: N01-369147
  Computer system for creating an audience specific view of documents by
  marking individual sections of documents with access properties available
  to specific recipients
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ); IBM CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: LECTION D B; MOLANDAR M E; SALAHSHOOR M R; SCANLON J L; MOLANDER
Number of Countries: 030 Number of Patents: 006
Patent Family:
              Kind
                              Applicat No
Patent No
                     Date
                                             Kind
                                                    Date
                                                              Week
EP 1077421
               A2 20010221
                              EP 2000306633
                                              Α
                                                  20000803
                                                             200155 B
                              CA 2312458
                   20010218
CA 2312458
               A1
                                              Α
                                                  20000620
                                                             200155
                    20010307
                              CN 2000122642
                                                  20000810
CN 1286436
               Α
                                              Α
                                                             200155
                              JP 2000228179
JP 2001101173
               Α
                    20010413
                                              Α
                                                   20000728
                                                             200155
KR 2001039796
               Α
                    20010515
                              KR 200045850
                                              Α
                                                   20000808
                                                             200167
TW 464817
                   20011121
                              TW 2000105944
                                                  20000330, 200248
               Α
                                              Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99376896 A 19990818
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                      Filing Notes
EP 1077421
              A2 E 20 G06F-017/60
   Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT
   LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI
              A1 E
                       G06F-017/22
CA 2312458
                        G06F-015/16
CN 1286436
              Α
JP 2001101173 A
                    19 G06F-017/21
KR 2001039796 A
                        G06F-017/21
TW 464817
                       G06F-019/00
Abstract (Basic): EP 1077421 A2
        NOVELTY - Documents such as e-mails, text documents, multi-media
    messages containing images and/or audio are stored with markings
    provided by their authors for one or more sections of the document. The
    markings assign properties to the document sections including which
    recipients are to be given that section of the document. Other
    properties specified may include background color or font, whether the
    section is copy protected , whether the section may be forwarded or
printed, whether the section is to be encrypted before forwarding
    or storing, whether the section can be rendered in audio and/or video
    etc.. Documents may be encoded in an Extensible Markup Language (XML)
    when the marking is done by adding XML tags to the document
    sections
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for
        (a) a computer program for creating audience specific views of
    documents
        (b) and a method for creating audience specific views of documents.
        USE - In computer systems.
        ADVANTAGE - The process is easy to use and intuitive.
        pp; 20 DwgNo 0/9
Title Terms: COMPUTER; SYSTEM; AUDIENCE; SPECIFIC; VIEW; DOCUMENT; MARK;
  INDIVIDUAL; SECTION; DOCUMENT; ACCESS; PROPERTIES; AVAILABLE; SPECIFIC;
  RECIPIENT
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/16; G06F-017/21; G06F-017/22;
  G06F-017/60; G06F-019/00
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/00; G06F-012/14;
  G06F-013/00; G06F-017/00; H04L-012/54
File Segment: EPI
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22/5/8 (Item 8 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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06399638 **Image available**

ENCIPHERING AND DECODING METHOD FOR PICTURE FILE AND ENCIPHERING AND DECODING DEVICE THEREFOR

PUB. NO.: 11-341291 [JP 11341291 A] PUBLISHED: December 10, 1999 (19991210)

INVENTOR(s): HARIMA TORU YAMAMOTO AKIRA

APPLICANT(s): NEC ENG LTD

APPL. NO.: 10-145532 [JP 98145532] FILED: May 27, 1998 (19980527)

INTL CLASS: H04N-001/44; H04N-001/41; H04N-007/24; H04N-007/167

ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an enciphering, decoding method and an enciphering and decoding device for a picture file which can attain enciphering with regard to a versatile file format.

SOLUTION: With regard to a standard JPEG file 2 which can be obtained by compression processing an original picture 1 at a compression processing part 7, an enciphered JPEG file 5 is obtained by a marker operation processing part 5 performing a specified operation processing with a specific marker in accordance with a marker operation rule. The enciphered JPEG file 5 is returned to the standard JPEG file 2 by a marker reverse operation processing part 6 recovering the specific marker operation processing in accordance with the marker operation rule. After that, a recovery picture 3 can be obtained by being extension processed by an extension processing part 8.

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22/5/26 (Item 26 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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04159392 **Image available**
DATA PROTECTION DEVICE

PUB. NO.: 05-151092 [JP 5151092 A] PUBLISHED: June 18, 1993 (19930618)

INVENTOR(s): SHIMIZU NAOTERU

APPLICANT(s): NEC CORP [000423] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 03-342191 [JP 91342191]
FILED: November 30, 1991 (19911130)
INTL CLASS: [5] G06F-012/14; G06F-009/06

JAPIO CLASS: 45.2 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Memory Units); 42.5

(ELECTRONICS -- Equipment); 45.1 (INFORMATION PROCESSING --

Arithmetic Sequence Units)

JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 1623, Vol. 17, No. 546, Pg. 50,

September 30, 1993 (19930930)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To effectively maintain the secrecy of data contents even again access from another computer program by converting data on a magnetic disk from ciphered data to normal sentence data before the processing of a computer program starts and converting the normal sentence data into the ciphered data before the processing ends.

CONSTITUTION: This data protection device is provided with a normal sentence conversion processing part 2 which functions prior to the start of the processing of the computer program to convert the data on the magnetic disk from the ciphered data to the normal sentence data and a ciphering processing part 3 which converts the data on the magnetic disk from the normal sentence data into the ciphered data before the processing of the computer program ends. Namely, the computer program is start point 1 and the normal sentence conversion actuated at the 2 deciphers the ciphered data on the magnetic disk processing part into the normal sentence data. Then, normal computer program processing is point , the ciphering processing part 3
agnetic disk into the ciphered data and the performed. At the end converts the data on the magnetic disk into the ciphered processing ends.

22/5/28 (Item 28 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
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03836482 **Image available**
BIT MAP DEVELOPMENT PROCESSING METHOD

BIT MAP DEVELOPMENT PROCESSING METHOD

PUB. NO.: 04-201582 [JP 4201582 A] PUBLISHED: July 22, 1992 (19920722)

INVENTOR(s): HITOMI YOSHIHIRO

APPLICANT(s): RICOH CO LTD [000674] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 02-338474 [JP 90338474] FILED: November 30, 1990 (19901130)

INTL CLASS: [5] B41J-002/485; B41J-005/30; G06F-015/72; G09G-005/24

JAPIO CLASS: 29.4 (PRECISION INSTRUMENTS -- Business Machines); 44.9

(COMMUNICATION -- Other); 45.4 (INFORMATION PROCESSING --

Computer Applications)

JAPIO KEYWORD: R002 (LASERS)

JOURNAL: Section: M, Section No. 1335, Vol. 16, No. 538, Pg. 77,

November 09, 1992 (19921109)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To give superscription effect by a method wherein when pattern data are duplicated, a non-duplicated part of the previously secured pattern data is divided, and said divided each pattern data and a newly taken in pattern data are developed by writing in a superimposed manner on a bit map.

CONSTITUTION: When two pattern data PD1, 2 are duplicated, the previously secured PD2 is divided into two parts of PD3, 4 by a straight line x=sx passing an X coordinate sx of a start point of the newly taken in PD1. Further, the PD3, 4 are divided into two parts by a straight line y=sy passing a Y coordinate sy of the start point of the PD1 to divide the PD2 into 4 parts (5 to 8). Then, start points and end points of three new PD5, 6, 7 which are not duplicated with the PD1 are calculated. The previously secured PD2 is eliminate, and the start points and end points of the PD5, 6, 7 and classes of the pattern are secured in a memory. Thereafter, when developed on a bit map, respective PDs are developed by writing in a superimposed manner.

22/5/35 (Item 35 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
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03280464 **Image available**
AUTOMATIC IDENTIFYING DEVICE FOR DOCUMENT CHANGED PART

PUB. NO.: 02-255964 [JP 2255964 A]

October 16, 1990 (19901016) PUBLISHED:

INVENTOR(s): KOBAYASHI TSUNEAKI

APPLICANT(s): SUMITOMO METAL IND LTD [000211] (A Japanese Company or

Corporation), JP (Japan) 01-013525 [JP 8913525]

APPL. NO.: January 23, 1989 (19890123) FILED:

INTL CLASS: [5] G06F-015/20

45.4 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications); 29.4 JAPIO CLASS:

(PRECISION INSTRUMENTS -- Business Machines)

JAPIO KEYWORD:R107 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- OCR & OMR Optical Readers)
JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 1150, Vol. 15, No. 11, Pg. 66,
January 10, 1991 (19910110)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To automatically identify a changed part of a document and to display only a changed part of a similar document by comparing plural stored similar document information with each other in a comparison mode secured previously and outputting the different parts of documents .

CONSTITUTION: An unchanged old document and a changed new document are previously and optically read by an optical reader and stored in a storage as the information on characters and symbols. Then a CRT keyboard designates as necessary the comparison modes for each punctuation mark, each line, each word, and each character. The changed parts of old and new documents are decided within a designated page based on a designated comparison mode. These changed parts are underlined, covered with the oblique lines, or printed especially on another form the display. When the unchanged old document and the changed new documents are not optically read in a correct way due to the soil of the documents, etc., at the time these are read previously by the optical reader, the error areas are displayed on a CRT. Then an operator corrects visually these errors of documents via the CRT keyboard.

22/5/41 (Item 41 from file: 347) DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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02245271 **Image available** ENCODING METHOD FOR MAP SHEET DATA

62-162171 [JP 62162171 A] PUB. NO.: July 18, 1987 (19870718) TSUTSUI KAZUO PUBLISHED:

INVENTOR(s):

YODA MIKIO

MORIZAKI NOBUYUKI

APPLICANT(s): HITACHI LTD [000510] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

61-003443 [JP 863443] APPL. NO.: FILED:

INTL CLASS:

January 13, 1986 (19860113)
[4] G06F-015/40; G06F-015/62; G09B-029/00; H04L-009/00
45.4 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications); 30.2 JAPIO CLASS:

(MISCELLANEOUS GOODS -- Sports & Recreation); 44.3

(COMMUNICATION -- Telegraphy)

Section: P, Section No. 651, Vol. 11, No. 399, Pg. 82, JOURNAL:

December 26, 1987 (19871226)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To insure map sheet data against being decoded without a cipher keyword by encoding a road graphic being the critical graphic identification conditions among the map sheet data.

CONSTITUTION: When the map sheet data is divided into plural blocks , the end points of the line segment data over plural blocks and points forming a parallel line showing a road on the map are extracted,

and the coordinates of the start and end points are converted into those in other blocks according to the cipher keyword, and taken for cipher data. Namely, when one map sheet is divided into blocks, data on lines astride plural blocks is extracted, and the end point coordinates of the line data are coordinate-converted through the use of the cipher block keyword. They are coordinate-converted by a cipher block keyword K to completely hide the road constitution, thereby achieving the sheet encoding.

22/5/43 (Item 43 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
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01980427 **Image available**
SECTION DISPLAY CONTROL SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 61-194527 [JP 61194527 A] PUBLISHED: August 28, 1986 (19860828)

INVENTOR(s): HOSOYAMA OSAMU

APPLICANT(s): FUJITSU LTD [000522] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 60-034103 [JP 8534103] FILED: February 22, 1985 (19850222) INTL CLASS: [4] G06F-003/14; G06F-015/21

JAPIO CLASS: 45.3 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Input Output Units); 45.4

(INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications)

JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 538, Vol. 11, No. 22, Pg. 17, January

21, 1987 (19870121)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To facilitate reading of characters and also to increase the number of display-enable digits by **securing section data** equal to one digit in case the display data is equal to characters and then displaying the section data within a preceding digit or in a space between the preceding and next digits.

CONSTITUTION: The display data is delivered and loaded once on a buffer through CPU processing. Then the data is extracted every digit from the lower side and it is checked whether the extracted data is equal to the section data or not. If the section data is decided, this data is saved. Then it is checked whether the next display data is equal to characters or the numerical value. The character data, e.t., 'ASU WA YASUMI' is decided and therefore a section mark equivalent to a digit is put between 'WA' and 'YA'. While in the case of the numerical data, e.g., '2,500', a section mark is put at the lower right part of '2' of in a space between '2' and '5'. Thus it is possible to facilitate reading of characters and to increase the number of display enable digits.

22/5/53 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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016054485 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2004-212336/200420
Related WPI Acc No: 2003-228412

XRPX Acc No: N04-168125

XML encryption scheme for preventing unauthorized disclosure of data during transmission or storage, involves encrypting object selected as XML component, and storing encrypted object for subsequent use by intended recipient

Patent Assignee: TECSEC INC (TECS-N)

Inventor: KOLOUCH J L

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 6694433 B1 20040217 US 9745935 P 19970508 200420 B

US 9874649 A 19980508 US 99421293 A 19991020

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9745935 P 19970508; US 9874649 A 19980508; US 99421293 A 19991020

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 6694433 B1 14 H04L-009/00 Provisional application US 9745935

CIP of application US 9874649

Abstract (Basic): US 6694433 B1

NOVELTY - The method begins by providing objects relating to a process and consistent to a data format. An object with an associated object tag is selected from the provided objects as XML component. A portion of the selected object is encrypted according to a cryptographic scheme determined in part by the object tag. The encrypted portion of the object is then stored for subsequent use by an intended recipient.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the program storage medium storing the instructions for the XML encryption scheme.

USE - For preventing unauthorized disclosure of data during transmission or storage.

ADVANTAGE - Uses encryption and encrypted objects to record and authenticate inputs, processes, scheduled conditions and virtual environments of electronic accounting and operational systems. Provides a means to distribute encrypted objects to designated locations for access by designated individuals or entities.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure is a flow diagram showing the use of XML to identify, copy and encrypt copied objects in a secure accounting and operational control and reporting system (SAOCRS) that in their entirety present a scheduled condition check.

pp; 14 DwgNo 8/8

Title Terms: ENCRYPTION; SCHEME; PREVENT; UNAUTHORISED; DISCLOSE; DATA; TRANSMISSION; STORAGE; OBJECT; SELECT; COMPONENT; STORAGE; ENCRYPTION; OBJECT; SUBSEQUENT; INTENDED; RECIPIENT

Derwent Class: T01; W01

International Patent Class (Main): H04L-009/00

File Segment: EPI

22/5/56 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014716242 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-536946/200257
Related WPI Acc No: 2002-470907
XRPX Acc No: N02-425253

Authentication message encryption method in data transmission application, involves computing ciphertext blocks and fragment using block cipher, key, nonce, offsets and message blocks or message fragment

Patent Assignee: ROGAWAY P W (ROGA-I)

Inventor: ROGAWAY P W

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20020071552 A1 20020613 US 2000240471 A 20001012 200257 B

US 2001267640 A 20010209 US 2001918615 A 20010730 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001918615 A 20010730; US 2000240471 P 20001012; US 2001267640 P 20010209

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 20020071552 A1 29 H04K-001/04 Provisional application US 2000240471

Provisional application US 2001267640

Abstract (Basic): US 20020071552 A1

NOVELTY - A message is partitioned into message blocks and a message fragment. A sequence of offsets is generated from a nonce and a key. A ciphertext block is computed using the block cipher, key, nonce, offsets and message block. A ciphertext fragment is computed using the block cipher, message fragment, the key and an offset. A tag is computed as a function of message blocks, message fragment, offsets and the key, and the ciphertext is defined to include the ciphertext block and fragment and the tag.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

- (1) Computer readable storage medium storing authenticated encryption program; and
 - (2) Authenticated encryption apparatus.

USE - For facilitating authentication message encryption used in data transmission application. Also applicable in personal computer, cell phone, wireless LAN communication and personal digital assistant (PDA).

ADVANTAGE - Messages of arbitrary bit length is encrypted. Length of the ciphertext is reduced. Permits more efficient processing of associated data. Since the offsets are computed extremely fast without the use of modular addition, the processing time is reduced.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows an illustration of the encryption process.

pp; 29 DwgNo 1/10

Title Terms: AUTHENTICITY; MESSAGE; ENCRYPTION; METHOD; DATA; TRANSMISSION; APPLY; COMPUTATION; BLOCK; FRAGMENT; BLOCK; CIPHER; KEY; OFFSET; MESSAGE; BLOCK; MESSAGE; FRAGMENT

Derwent Class: T01; U21; W02

International Patent Class (Main): H04K-001/04

File Segment: EPI

22/5/57 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014395855 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 2002-216558/200227

XRPX Acc No: N02-166030

Message authentication method involves creating enciphered blocks for obtaining authentication tag by applying standard block cipher to input blocks

Patent Assignee: VDG INC (VDGV-N); DONESCU P (DONE-I); GLIGOR V D (GLIG-I)

Inventor: DONESCU P; GLIGOR V D

Number of Countries: 095 Number of Patents: 004

Patent Family:

Applicat No Patent No Kind Date Kind Date Week WO 200176130 A2 20011011 WO 2001US9804 Α 20010328 200227 20011015 AU 200149511 AU 200149511 Α Α 20010328 200227 US 20010046292 A1 20011129 US 2000193447 P 20000331 200227 US 2001818608 Α 20010328

EP 1302022 A2 20030416 EP 2001922746 A 20010328 200328 WO 2001US9804 A 20010328

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000193447 P 20000331; US 2001818608 A 20010328

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 200176130 A2 E 102 H04L-009/00

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW .

AU 200149511 A H04L-009/00 Based on patent WO 200176130

US 20010046292 A1 H04L-009/30 Provisional application US 2000193447

EP 1302022 A2 E H04L-009/32 Based on patent WO 200176130 Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI TR

Abstract (Basic): WO 200176130 A2

NOVELTY - Input data are partitioned into several data blocks and a randomization function is applied to each data block for creating an input block of same size as the **data** block. A standard block cipher is applied to each input block to create several enciphered blocks which are combined to create an authentication tag.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (a) Message authentication verification method;
- (b) Message authentication system;
- (c) Message authentication verification system;
- (d) Program product for providing data signing function for determining authentication tag;
- (e) Program product for providing data signing function for updating authentication tag

USE - For real-time applications for protecting data integrity.

ADVANTAGE - As authentication tag is provided, **data** integrity is **protected** efficiently during communication over insecure channels and during data storage in insecure media.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the schematic diagram explaining data authentication method.

pp; 102 DwgNo 1/16

Title Terms: MESSAGE; AUTHENTICITY; METHOD; ENCIPHER; BLOCK; OBTAIN; AUTHENTICITY; TAG; APPLY; STANDARD; BLOCK; CIPHER; INPUT; BLOCK Derwent Class: W01

International Patent Class (Main): H04L-009/00; H04L-009/30; H04L-009/32
File Segment: EPI

22/5/58 (Item 6 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014240744 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-061444/200208

Related WPI Acc No: 2000-116848; 2000-341558; 2002-626439; 2003-247384;

2003-255934; 2003-417370

XRPX Acc No: N02-045567

Copy protection method for formatted and rendered data e.g. text and graphics within mark -up language document involves encryption of selected page content and decryption of content when rendered by graphics device

Patent Assignee: GOODMAN D I (GOOD-I); SCHREIBER D (SCHR-I)

Inventor: GOODMAN D I; SCHREIBER D

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20010029582 A1 20011011 US 99313067 A 19990517 200208 B

US 99397331 A 19990914 US 2001774236 A 20010129

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001774236 A 20010129; US 99313067 A 19990517; US 99397331 A 19990914

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC US 20010029582 A1 20 H04L-009/32

Filing Notes
CIP of application US 99313067
CIP of application US 99397331

CIP of patent US 6209103

Abstract (Basic): US 20010029582 A1

NOVELTY - The copy protection method parses (410) a page and identifies designated content that is transferred to an encoder (420) for encryption. The encrypted data is transferred to an editor (430) that replaces the original data with the encrypted data. The complete document is then transmitted to a client computer (220) and received in a renderer (250) that detects the encoded data and passes it to a decryption unit (440) prior to being displayed.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - When used to protect text, an application

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - When used to protect text, an application viewing a source listing of the document page or capturing the document page is only able to capture encrypted text that appears as jumbled, incoherent data. The data is rendered into a graphics device by system text rendering applications such as Microsoft TextOut or Macintosh DrawText.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) A page content protection system.
- (2) A method of accessing encrypted data within a page .
- (3) A computer hardware for handling encrypted data .
- (4) A method of identifying designated data and replacing that data into an original page on completion of data encryption.
 - (5) A parser for identifying designated data.
 - (6) A method for formatting protected page data.
 - (7) A system using a page formatter.
 - (8) An encryption method.
 - (9) An encoder
 - (10) A method of accessing encrypted data .
 - (11) A decoder.
 - (12) A method of text string replacement when formatting data.
 - (13) A string data processor.

USE - For protection of the content of data that is rendered and formatted using patchable system calls within a page to be displayed. The system can protect not only HTML data but also e-mail and business type data.

ADVANTAGE - The protection system provides a simple and practical method to prevent displayed text being copied without authorization.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The $\bar{\mathbf{block}}$ diagram represents a protection system for page contents.

Client computer (220)

Render (250)

Parser (410)

Encoder (420)

Editor (430)

Decoder (440)

pp; 20 DwgNo 4/7

Title Terms: COPY; PROTECT; METHOD; RENDER; DATA; TEXT; GRAPHIC; MARK; UP; LANGUAGE; DOCUMENT; ENCRYPTION; SELECT; PAGE; CONTENT; DECRYPTER; CONTENT; RENDER; GRAPHIC; DEVICE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): H04L-009/32

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-011/30; G06F-012/14

File Segment: EPI

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DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
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              **Image available**
013924506
WPI Acc No: 2001-408719/200143
XRPX Acc No: N01-302451
  Transmitting stream of textual data to recipient via third party
  intermediary by encrypting at least one selected segment of stream of
   data and identifying it by identification tag containing encryption
attributes of segment
Patent Assignee: EVELOCITY CORP (EVEL-N)
Inventor: PERRY B; SCHWARTZ R
Number of Countries: 022 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
              Kind
Patent No
                      Date
                               Applicat No
                                               Kind
                                                      Date
WO 200146773
              A2 20010628 WO 2000US34423 A
                                                    20001219
                                                               200143 B
                    20010703 AU 200124384
                                                Α
                                                    20001219 200164
AU 200124384
              Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000693540 A 20001020; US 99172857
  P 19991220
Patent Details:
                                       Filing Notes
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                          Main IPC
WO 200146773 A2 E 26 G06F-000/00
   Designated States (National): AU CA JP
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU
   MC NL PT SE TR
AU 200124384 A
                        G06F-000/00
                                       Based on patent WO 200146773
Abstract (Basic): WO 200146773 A2
        NOVELTY - The method involves encrypting at least one selected
    segment of the stream of data that may be identified by an
    identification tag , which provides encryption attributes of the
                segment .
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A law firm transmits invoice data to a
    clearinghouse (14). The initiating party (12) can employ, for example,
    an encoder (12a) to encrypt selected segments of the invoice data according to the teachings of the invention to secure sensitive
    and/or privileged information from the clearinghouse. The
    clearinghouse may process the non- encrypted
                                                     portions of the invoice
     data , and subsequently transmit the data to the client or a client
    bank (16b). The client (16) or the client bank (16b) can employ a
    decoder (16a) to decrypt the encrypted
                                                 portions of the data .
        An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for:
        (a) a system for transmitting a stream of textual data to recipient
        USE - In a digital data processing for transmitting data to a
    recipient.
        ADVANTAGE - Ensures the security of privileged information when
    data is transmitted to a recipient via a third party intermediary.
    Facilitates transmission of data, e.g., through public networks and/or
    third party intermediates. Encrypts a stream of data such that an
    intermediary can perform the requisite processing of the data while ensuring that the privileged information remains secure. Improves the security of data maintained within a site, e.g., even if not
    transmitted across a network or through an intermediary.
        DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing illustrates a system
    implementing a data transmission method according to the present
    invention.
        initiating party (12)
        encoder (12a)
        clearinghouse (14)
        client (16)
        decoder (16a)
        client bank (16b)
        pp; 26 DwgNo 1/2
Title Terms: TRANSMIT; STREAM; TEXT; DATA; RECIPIENT; THIRD; PARTY;
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INTERMEDIARY; ONE; SELECT; SEGMENT; STREAM; DATA; IDENTIFY; IDENTIFY; TAG ; CONTAIN; ENCRYPTION; ATTRIBUTE; SEGMENT

Derwent Class: T01; W01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-000/00

File Segment: EPI

22/5/63 (Item 11 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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013815440 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2001-299652/ 200131

XRPX Acc No: N01-214961

Access control provision for pre- encrypted on-demand content in communication network, by detecting if user terminal can access preencrypted content based on entitlement authorization and opaque data block

Patent Assignee: GEN INSTR CORP (GENN)

Inventor: SAFADI R; VINCE L D

Number of Countries: 094 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
WO 200067	483 Al	20001109	WO 2000US9800	A	20000412	200131	В
AU 200042	359 A	20001117	AU 200042359	A	20000412	200131	
EP 117578	1 A1	20020130	EP 2000922124	A	20000412	200216	
			WO 2000US9800	A	20000412		
TW 511377	A	20021121	TW 2000107372	A	20000419	200353	
MX 200101	0808 A1	20020601	WO 2000US9800	Α	20000412	200365	
			MX 200110808	Α	20011024		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99132366 P 19990504

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 200067483 A1 E 35 H04N-007/16

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR

IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW

AU 200042359 A Based on patent WO 200067483 H04N-007/16

EP 1175781

1175781 A1 E H04N-007/16 Based on patent WO 200067483
Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE

TW 511377 H04N-007/16

MX 2001010808 A1 H04N-007/16 Based on patent WO 200067483

Abstract (Basic): WO 200067483 A1

NOVELTY - An entitlement authorization associated with preencrypted content , is communicated to user terminal (20) via secondary communication path (19). The user terminal is determined whether it is authorized to access pre- encrypted content based on entitlement authorization and opaque data block (ODB) depending on content (15) demanded by user.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The pre- encrypted content is forwarded to a server (12). The ODB tag is provided to user terminal. Unique reference handle (URH) tag which acts as reference to the precontent is provided to the server. The ODB and URH tags which are unique to pre-encrypted content, are tracked by pre-encryption controller. The main server communicates the pre-encrypted content and ODB to user terminal via local distribution server. The controller communicates entitlement authorization to the user terminal. An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for access control providing apparatus.

USE - For access control of pre-encrypted on-demand television services over communication network e.g. satellite and Internet based networks. ADVANTAGE - The ODB content is securable, as deemed without burdening the content providers or service vendors. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of flexible pre- encryption architecture. Server (12) Content (15) Secondary communication path (19) User terminal (20) pp; 35 DwgNo 1/3 Title Terms: ACCESS; CONTROL; PROVISION; PRE; ENCRYPTION; DEMAND; CONTENT; COMMUNICATE; NETWORK; DETECT; USER; TERMINAL; CAN; ACCESS; PRE; ENCRYPTION; CONTENT; BASED; AUTHORISE; OPAQUE; DATA; BLOCK Derwent Class: W02 International Patent Class (Main): H04N-007/16 International Patent Class (Additional): H04N-007/173 File Segment: EPI 22/5/65 (Item 13 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 013362400 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2000-534339/ 200049 XRPX Acc No: N00-395297 protection using decryption key Patent Assignee: YAMAHA CORP (NIHG) Inventor: FURUKAWA M; TSUNODA S; UCHIYAMA T; USUI A Number of Countries: 026 Number of Patents: 002 Patent Family: Kind Applicat No Patent No Kind Date Date Week EP 1020856 A2 20000719 EP 2000100158 Α 20000111 200049 B JP 2000207829 A 20000728 JP 994754 Α 19990111 200049 Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 994754 A 19990111 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pq Main IPC Filing Notes EP 1020856 A2 E 24 G11B-020/00 Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI JP 2000207829 A 13 G11B-020/10 Abstract (Basic): EP 1020856 A2 NOVELTY - Method consists in encrypting the data before recording with the key, adding an error correction code to the data to form a data block for noise removal, writing secret information containing the key and the compliance mark over the data block in the form of noise so that the secret information containing the key and the mark can be separated from the data by the error correction process. This means that the player machine can use

NOVELTY - Method consists in encrypting the data before recording with the key, adding an error correction code to the encrypted data to form a data block for noise removal, writing secret information containing the key and the compliance mark over the data block in the form of noise so that the secret information containing the key and the mark can be separated from the data by the error correction process. This means that the player machine can use the key to decrypt the data only if the player can detect the compliance mark from the separated secret information. An identification code for the compliant recorder is provided and a function group dedicated for generating the mark is used when the key executes data encryption. A code identifies the medium used for recording the data, another identifies the compliant recorder and the compliance mark is generated from the key.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - There are INDEPENDENT CLAIMS for (1) a recorder encrypting data using a key and issuing a compliance mark to authenticate the data and (2) a computer program for a recorder.

 \mbox{USE} - Method is for preventing copying of CD, DVD, DAT, MD and broadcast-type media.

ADVANTAGE - Method prevents a recorder reproducing unauthorized

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows an optical disk recorder.

pp; 24 DwgNo 1/10

Title Terms: DATA; PROTECT; DECRYPTER; KEY

Derwent Class: T03

International Patent Class (Main): G11B-020/00; G11B-020/10

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/14; G11B-020/18

File Segment: EPI

22/5/78 (Item 26 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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010445093 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1995-346410/ 199545

XRPX Acc No: N95-259030

Data encryption method - encrypting data into number of data blocks and control blocks which define data block encryption using randomly selected functions

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC); IBM CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: YORKE-SMITH I E

Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
EP 676876	A1	19951011	EP 95302218	Α	19950403	199545	В
GB 2288519	A	19951018	GB 946613	Α	19940405	199545	
JP 7281596	A	19951027	JP 9533219	Α	19950222	199601	
US 5548648	A	19960820	US 94276192	A	19940715	199639	N
JP 3229148	B2	20011112	JP 9533219	Α	19950222	200174	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): GB 946613 A 19940405; US 94276192 A 19940715

Cited Patents: 02Jnl.Ref; DE 1447301; EP 464562; EP 95923; JP 5102960; US 5253294

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

EP 676876 A1 E 16 H04L-009/00

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

GB 2288519 A 24 H04L-009/14 JP 7281596 A 12 G09C-001/00

US 5548648 A 13 H04L-009/00

JP 3229148 B2 11 G09C-001/00 Previous Publ. patent JP 7281596

Abstract (Basic): EP 676876 A

The encryption method for encrypting data containing data segments (DS1-DSn) into encrypted data blocks (EDB1-EDBn) and associated control blocks (CB1-CBn) involves selecting several encryption functions (F1-Fi). The data segments are encrypted using the selected function. The data segments can be of varying lengths. An encrypted data block is produced containing the encrypted data segment. An associated control block is produced for each encrypted data block. Each control block consists of the information needed to decrypt the data blocks.

Pref., the encryption functions are chosen via a mapping of random numbers to functions. The data, its **start point** in the **block** and its length are all **encrypted**. Both **blocks** are padded with random numbers and start positions can vary.

USE/ADVANTAGE - Communication systems. Provides encryption system that is computationally efficient while retaining high security. Short encryption and decryption times.

Dwg.3/7

Title Terms: DATA; ENCRYPTION; METHOD; DATA; NUMBER; DATA; BLOCK; CONTROL;

BLOCK; DEFINE; DATA; BLOCK; ENCRYPTION; RANDOM; SELECT; FUNCTION Derwent Class: P85; W01 International Patent Class (Main): G09C-001/00; H04L-009/00; H04L-009/14 International Patent Class (Additional): H04L-009/06; H04L-009/12; H04L-009/16 File Segment: EPI; EngPI 22/5/79 (Item 27 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 010181186 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1995-082439/ 199511 Related WPI Acc No: 1993-258906 XRPX Acc No: N95-065260 Creation and transmission method for confidential documents - scrambling and descrambling source image including many original image portions using reference marks for at least one of registration, scaling, rotation or shifting Patent Assignee: ALIROO LTD (ALIR-N); SOLOMON H (SOLO-I) Inventor: MENCZER E; POMERANTZ Y Number of Countries: 057 Number of Patents: 006 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date 19950209 19940801 WO 9504428 **A**1 WO 94US8684 Α 199511 AU 9474785 AU 9474785 А 19950228 Α 19940801 199522 US 5491563 Α 19960213 WO 93US959 Α 19930203 199612 US 93131326 19931004 Α US 95442636 Α 19950517 19930802 Α 19970318 IL 106567 IL 106567 Α 199717 WO 94US8684 JP 9504660 W 19970506 Α 19940801 199728 JP 95506052 19940801 Α 19980715 IL 109591 19940506 IL 109591 Α Α 199834 Priority Applications (No Type Date): IL 109591 A 19940506; IL 106567 A 19930802; US 93131326 A 19931004; IL 100863 A 19920204 Cited Patents: EP 418742; US 4459611; US 4965842; US 5018026; US 5086434; US 5159630; US 5222136; US 5233653; US 5237521; US 5237624; US 5255106; US 5278920; US 5313521; US 5317646; US 5321749; US 5325433; US 5331431;

WO 9217024

Patent Details:

IL 109591

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes A1 E 205 H04N-001/44 WO 9504428

Designated States (National): AM AT AU BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CZ DE DK ES FI GB GE HU JP KE KG KP KR KZ LK LT LU LV MD MG MN MW NL NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SI SK TJ TT UA US UZ VN

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT KE LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE

AU 9474785 H04N-001/44 Based on patent WO 9504428 Α US 5491563 22 H04N-001/44 Cont of application WO 93US959 Α Cont of application US 93131326 JP 9504660 W 33 H04N-001/44 Based on patent WO 9504428 IL 106567 H04N-001/44 Α

H04N-001/44

Α Abstract (Basic): WO 9504428 A

> The method involves generating a scrambled image by generating several second image portions (192). At least one of the second image portions in an individual location in the second image portions comprises a first image portion in a different location in the first image portions and a passpartout (196) surrounding at least some of the first image portion.

At least one of the portions of the scrambled image contains target information which was not present in the source image.

ADVANTAGE - Improved handling of confidential information in hard copy format.

Dwg.17/37

Title Terms: CREATION; TRANSMISSION; METHOD; CONFIDE; DOCUMENT; SCRAMBLE; SOURCE; IMAGE; ORIGINAL; IMAGE; PORTION; REFERENCE; MARK; ONE; REGISTER; SCALE; ROTATING; SHIFT

Derwent Class: W02

International Patent Class (Main): H04N-001/44

File Segment: EPI

22/5/95 (Item 43 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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004573568

WPI Acc No: 1986-076912/ 198612

XRPX Acc No: N86-056287

Copy protection of software stored on magnetic medium - by forming medium and domain pattern marks in medium and checking for presence of both marks in use of software

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC); IBM CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: CHANDRA A N; COMERFORD L D; WHITE S R Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	App	plicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
EP 174472	A	19860319	EP	85109182	A	19850723	198612	В
US 4644493	Α	19870217	US	84651184	A	19840914	198709	
US 4903296	A	19900220	US	86930219	Α	19861112	199014	
EP 174472	B1	19931118	ΕP	85109182	A	19850723	199346	
DE 3587658	G	19931223	DE	3587658	A	19850723	199401	
			ΕP	85109182	A	19850723		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 84651184 A 19840914 Cited Patents: 2.Jnl.Ref; A3...8950; EP 110511; FR 2535885; No-SR.Pub; US 4352952

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

EP 174472 A E 70

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

EP 174472 B1 E 32 G06F-012/14

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

DE 3587658 G G06F-012/14 Based on patent EP 174472

Abstract (Basic): EP 174472 A

A medium mark (32) is formed in the disc (30) during, or after, its manufacture. The mark changes the magnetic orientation of areas of the disc so that they no longer respond to the write head. The mark may correspond to oen bit location in a formate sector or it may lie in more than one formatted sector (34). A magnetic field is then applied to the region of the disc which contains the mark. The effect of the field is to modify the sector structure so that a region (36) results which contains large domains.

The disc is then reformatted in all sectors except those which contain the mark (32). That sector which contains the medium mark (32) now contains a second mark such as a domain pattern mark. To apply the copy protection method, the data stored in sectors containing the two marks are read twice is succession and compared to verify the existence of the second mark. Then data are written into these sectors to replace the second mark. The data stored are read a third time and compared with the data written to verify the presence of the first mark. These verifications are used as a necessary condition before executing the stored program.

(c) 2005 European Patent Office File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2005/UB=20050804,UT=20050728 (c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio Description Set CHECKPOINT? ? OR KEYPOINT? ? OR TRIGGERPOINT? ? OR (CHECK -S1 350882 OR KEY OR TRIGGER) () POINT? ? OR MARK? ? OR MARKER? ? OR MARKI-NGS OR (START??? OR END???) () POINT? ? OR TAG OR TAGS S2 S1(10N)(SEGMENT? ? OR SECTION? ? OR PORTION? ? OR PART OR -PARTS OR FRAGMENT? ? OR BLOCK? ? OR PARAGRAPH? ? OR CHUNK? ? -OR PAGE OR PAGES) (ENCRYPT? OR ENCIPHER??? OR CIPHER??? OR PROTECT???? OR SC-S3 137523 RAMBL??? OR SECURE? ? OR SECURING) (7N) (SEGMENT? ? OR SECTION? ? OR PORTION? ? OR PART OR PARTS OR FRAGMENT? ? OR BLOCK? ? OR PARAGRAPH? ? OR CHUNK? ? OR PAGE OR PAGES) S1(7N)(INSERT??? OR ADD??? OR PLACE? ? OR PLACING) S4 33588 S5 731184 ENCRYPT? OR ENCIPHER??? OR CIPHER??? OR PROTECT???? OR SCR-AMBL??? OR SECURE? ? OR SECURING S5(7N) (DOCUMENT? ? OR ARTICLE? ? OR MANUSCRIPT? ? OR WRITT-S6 EN()WORK? ? OR DIGITAL()(ASSET? ? OR GOOD? ?) OR VIDEO? ? OR -MOVIE? ? OR FILM? ? OR MUSIC OR SONG? ? OR AUDIO OR MP3? ?)

IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)

S5(7N)(SOFTWARE OR PROGRAM? ? OR APPLICATION? ? OR CONTENT? ? OR FILE? ? OR DATA OR INFORMATION OR INTELLECTUAL()PROPERTY

File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2005/Jul W04

OR MESSAGE? ?)

S10:S11

S8 AND AC=US/PR

S8 AND PY=1970:2000

75

54

38

26

43

43

S2 (50N) S3 (50N) S4 (50N) S6:S7

S9 AND AY=(1970:2000)/PR

S7

S8

S9

S10

S11

S12

S13

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(Item 7 from file: 349)
13/3.K/7
DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
00559947
            **Image available**
COMPOSITE PRODUCTS, METHODS AND APPARATUS
PRODUITS COMPOSITES, PROCEDES ET SYSTEME ASSOCIES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  TENSILE COMPOSITE RESEARCH,
Inventor(s):
  CHAPUIS Laurent,
  AINLAY Thomas M,
  BAUDET Jean-Pierre,
  BRUEGGER Marc A,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:
                         WO 200023320 A2 20000427 (WO 0023320)
                         WO 99IB1770 19991012
                                               (PCT/WO IB9901770)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 98173917 19981016
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AU CA JP NZ AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
Publication Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 11195
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:
                         ... 20000427
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Publication Year: 2000
Detailed Description
     14 with
 like reference numerals referring to like elements. An open
  ended vacuum drum 110A houses a segment projector 124 which
  projects segment placement marks 60 onto a first film layer 52A. Segment projector 124 could project marks 60 through
  drum 110A if -drum 110A is transparent or sufficiently
  translucent. Segments 16 or mat-type segments 20 are secured
  to film layer 52A. A second film layer, not shown in Fig. 15,
  is then wound onto drum 110A to create a material stack...
... of the segment belts 106 of
  Figs. 10, 10A with the embodiment of Figs. 15, 16. if
   segments 16, 20 are placed using automated equipment,
  projecting marks 60 may not be necessary except as a quality
  control check.
  An advantage of the invention is...
               (Item 11 from file: 349)
 13/3, K/11
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
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            **Image available**
00397788
IN-CAMERA IMAGE MARKING AND AUTHENTICATION
MARQUAGE ET AUTHENTIFICATION D'IMAGE DANS UN APPAREIL PHOTOGRAPHIQUE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  OBSIDIAN IMAGING INC,
Inventor(s):
  STEINBERG Eran,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                         WO 9738531 A1 19971016
  Patent:
  Application:
                         WO 97US5532 19970403
                                               (PCT/WO US9705532)
  Priority Application: US 96627441 19960404
Designated States:
```

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 7729

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: ... 19971016

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description
Publication Year: 1997

Detailed Description

... 82 involves the processes of converting the original image data according to the indicium (indicium data) to place the mark on the original image, i.e. to form marked image data. Block 82 also includes encrypting the indicium and formula, creating the mark lookup table, and an encrypted mark lookup table and includes...

..of a table

containing the sum of data in each row and column of the original image data. Block 82 also includes encryption of the authentication data to create encrypted authentication data.

Block 84 indicates the process of saving the encrypted authentication data, marked image data and encrypted mark lookup table. The encrypted authentication data and encrypted mark lookup table (or encrypted indicium and formula) can be placed as a header to the marked image data Block 86 indicates...

13/3,K/15 (Item 15 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

01169442

Data protection method using decryption key concealed in compliant mark
Datensschutzverfahren mit in nachgiebiger Markierung verstecktem
Entschlusselungsschlussel

Methode de protection de donnees utilisant une clef de decryptage cachee dans un marquage conforme

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

YAMAHA CORPORATION, (404961), 10-1, Nakazawa-cho, Hamamatsu-shi Shizuoka-ken, (JP), (Applicant designated States: all) INVENTOR:

Furukawa, Masamichi, Uchinodai 4-8-21, Hamakita-shi, Shizuoka-ken, 434-0045, (JP)

Tsunoda, Shigeo, Yamaha Corporation, 10-1, Nakazawa-cho, Hamamatsu-shi, Shizuoka-ken, (JP)

Uchiyama, Toshihito, Yamaha Corporation, 10-1, Nakazawa-cho, Hamamatsu-shi, Shizuoka-ken, (JP)

Usui, Akira, Yamaha Corporation, 10-1, Nakazawa-cho, Hamamatsu-shi, Shizuoka-ken, (JP)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Geyer, Ulrich F., Dr. Dipl.-Phys. et al (4121), WAGNER & GEYER,
Patentanwalte, Gewurzmuhlstrasse 5, 80538 Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1020856 A2 000719 (Basic)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1020856 A2 000719 EP 1020856 A3 010124

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 100158 000111;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): JP 994754 990111

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G11B-020/00; G11B-020/18; G06F-012/14

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 196

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count 200029 3349 (English) CLAIMS A 200029 7636 SPEC A (English) 10985 Total word count - document A Total word count - document B 0 Total word count - documents A + B 10985

- ...SPECIFICATION The second generating section 8 subsequently generates an execution key Y from the session key Rs. The **encrypting** block 2 encrypts the data with the execution key Y before recording of the data such that...
- ...be reproduced by a player machine. The ECC encoder 3 adds an error correction code to the **encrypted data** to form a **data** block such that the **encrypted data** can be made free of a noise by an error correction process of the data block using...
- ...the player machine. The third generating section including the function value generator 15 and the key encrypting block 12 further generates the compliant mark Es from the session key Rs such that the compliant mark Es contains information of the session key Rs. Stated otherwise, the key is concealed in the compliant mark. The writing section including ECC2 encoder 13 and adder 14 writes the compliant mark Es over the data block in the form of a noise such that the compliant mark Es can be separated from the data by the error correction process performed by the player machine...
- ...so as to decrypt the data if the player machine can recognize or interpret the separated compliant mark Es.

 FIG 2 is a block diagram illustrating the configuration of a
 - FIG. 2 is a **block** diagram illustrating the configuration of an optical disc player machine practiced as an embodiment of the invention

13/3,K/16 (Item 16 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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01126149

Document management method and apparatus, and recording medium therefor Dokumentverwaltungsverfahren und -Gerat, und Aufzeichnungsmedium dafur Procede et appareil de gestion de documents, et support d'enregistrement correspondant

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Hitachi, Ltd., (204144), 6, Kanda Surugadai 4-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, (JP), (Applicant designated States: all)

INVENTOR:

Kawanishi, Yasunori, 3204, Noborito, Tama-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa-ken,

Toyoshima, Hisashi, 1709-19, Ohtsuka, Hachiohji-shi, Tokyo, (JP) Nagai, Yasuhiko, 13-12, Hongou 4-chome, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, (JP) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Calderbank, Thomas Roger et al (50122), MEWBURN ELLIS York House 23 Kingsway, London WC2B 6HP, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 984615 A2 000308 (Basic)

EP 984615 A3 010516

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 99306886 990831;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): JP 98244721 980831

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; IT

EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-001/32

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 119

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Word Count Update CLAIMS A (English) 200010 420 SPEC A (English) 200010 5879 Total word count - document A 6299 Total word count - document B 0 Total word count - documents A + B 6299

...SPECIFICATION processing comprises a processing of inputting seal mark corresponding to the employee ID,

a processing of embedding $\mbox{\it encrypted}$ information with each secret key in a specific $\mbox{\it block}$ of seal $\mbox{\it mark}$, wherein the embedded information areselected document characteristic quantity information and sealing information such as seal serial No..

...in condition of confirming data validity and reproduction acceptability, adding reproduced seal mark to information indicating reproduction, encrypting the seal mark with a secret key, and embedding the encrypted data in a specific block of the seal mark, attaching a public key, and sealing the seal mark in the position that the document set. Seal...

...public key attached with the seal mark.

And confirming certified document information and data original to information indicating invalidity of seal decrypted data , adding mark, encrypting with its own secret key, embedding encrypted in a specific block of seal mark, attaching a public key, and sealing in a position that the document set.

Document certification processing is...

(Item 18 from file: 348) 13/3, K/18DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2005 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00762742

prevention method and apparatus οf digital Copy magnetic recording/reproduction system

Verfahren und Anlage zur Verhinderung von Kopien fur digitales magnetisches Aufnahme-/Wiedergabesystem

Methode et appareil pour eviter de faire des copies pour un systeme d'enregistrement/de reproduction magnetique numerique PATENT ASSIGNEE:

LG ELECTRONICS INC., (1914271), 20, Yoido-Dong, Yongdungpo-Ku, Seoul, (KR), (Proprietor designated states: all) INVENTOR:

Park, Tae Joon, 20-118 Soongin-dong, Jongro-ku, Seoul, (KR) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

McLeish, Nicholas Alistair Maxwell et al (74621), Boult Wade Tennant Verulam Gardens 70 Gray's Inn Road, London WC1X 8BT, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 716544 A2 960612 (Basic)

EP 716544 A3 970618 EP 716544 B1

EP 95308674 951201;

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): KR 3333694 941208

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-005/913

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 245

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text	Language	Update	Word Count
CLAIMS A	(English)	EPAB96	2010
CLAIMS B	(English)	200215	1892
CLAIMS B	(German)	200215	1582
CLAIMS B	(French)	200215	2117
SPEC A	(English)		5446
SPEC B	(English)	200215	5483
Total word coun	t - documen	it A	7457
Total word coun	t - documen	it B	11074
Total word coun	t - documen	its A + B	18531

- ...SPECIFICATION process is carried out in the sequence of encrypting a marker formed by a control word for **scrambling** audio and video bit straps and copy prevention information for preventing an illegal copy by means of...
- ...copy prevention apparatus of a digital magnetic recording/reproducing system may include a marker detecting and inserting part for detecting a marker from input bit strips, and inserting the updated marker to the bit strips to output the result. A marker analyzing and processing part decrypts and analyzes the encrypted marker from the marker detecting and inserting part by means of an encoded key, outputs a control word for descrambling the bit strips, and updates...
- ...the decrypted marker by means of the encoded key to output the result. In addition, a buffer part buffers the control word and updated and encrypted marker from the marker analyzing and processing section, and inserts the updated and encrypted marker in the marker detecting and inserting part, and a descrambler descrambles the bit strips provided via the marker detecting and inserting part by means of the control word from the buffer part.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above...The updated marker is encrypted by means of the encoded key to be replaced with the succeeding **marker** and inserted 17. More specifically, as the marker is supplied whenever the control word is changed, it...

...the received bit strips, and inserts to output the updated marker, i.e., the updated and encrypted marker, from buffer section 23 to the bit strips.

Marker analyzing/processing section 22 utilizes the encoded key to decrypt and analyze the encrypted marker from marker detecting/inserting section 21, thereby providing the control word CW for descrambling the bit strips. Then, the decrypted marker is updated and encrypted by the encoded key to be output.

Buffer section 23 buffers control word CW and updated and encrypted marker IEM from marker analyzing/processing section 22, so that updated and encrypted marker IEM is supplied to be inserted in marker detecting/inserting section 21.

Descrambler 24 descrambles the bit strips output via marker detecting/inserting section 21 by means of the control word CW from buffer section 23 to supply the result to...

- ...SPECIFICATION process is carried out in the sequence of encrypting a marker formed by a control word for **scrambling** audio and video bit strips and copy prevention information for preventing an illegal copy by means of...
- ...a copy prevention apparatus for a digital magnetic recording/reproducing system comprising a marker detecting and inserting part for detecting an encrypted marker from input bit strips, and inserting the updated marker to the bit strips to output the result...

(Item 25 from file: 349) 13/3,K/25 DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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Image available 00897914

SCALABLE CODING OF MULTI-MEDIA OBJECTS

CODAGE A GEOMETRIE VARIABLE D'OBJETS MULTIMEDIA

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N V, Groenewoudseweg 1, NL-5621 BA Eindhoven, NL, NL (Residence), NL (Nationality) Inventor(s):

VAN DER VLEUTEN Renatus J, Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven, NL, VAN DER SCHAAR Mihaela, Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven, NL, Legal Representative:

GROENENDAAL Antonius W M (agent), INTERNATIONAAL OCTROOIBUREAU B.V., Prof Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven, NL,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 200232147 A1 20020418 (WO 0232147)

Application:

WO 2001EP11565 20011004 (PCT/WO EP0111565)

Priority Application: US 2000239345 20001011; US 2000239659 20001012

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 4997

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... source coding and channel coding are not carried out at the same time or location. The quality tags then give the required information for adding the channel coding (unequal error protection , e.g. more
protection for parts of the bit-stream that represent higher quality, or more protection for parts of the bit-stream with a high quality to number of bits ratio).

The invention may also ...

...by reference herein. The quality information may conveniently be included in JPEG2000, because a Comment and Extension Marker (CME) has already been defined (see page 51 of document N 1 646), which allows unstructured data in the header. Quality information is advantageously...

(Item 26 from file: 349) 13/3,K/26 DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00896438

SECURITY RATING METHOD

METHODE DE CLASSEMENT DE SECURITE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

VERISCAN SECURITY AB, Lovartsgatan 9, Box 4082, S-650 04 Karlstad, SE, SE (Residence), SE (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor:

GUSTAFSSON Mikael, Nygatan 22, S-652 20 Karlstad, SE, SE (Residence), SE

```
(Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
  BRANZELL Jan, Bjurbacksgatan 10, S-654 55 Karlstad, SE, SE (Residence),
    SE (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
  LUNDMARK Lorentz, Edebacksgatan 15, S-654 61 Karlstad, SE, SE (Residence)
    , SE (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
  RODRICK Anders, Egnahemsgatan 6, S-654 63 Karlstad, SE, SE (Residence),
    SE (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
Legal Representative:
  JOHANSSON Lars (agent), Patech Sarl, Case postale 25, CH-1138
    Villars-sous-Yens, CH,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 200229527 A2 20020411 (WO 0229527)
                        WO 2001EP10970 20010921 (PCT/WO EP0110970)
  Application:
  Priority Application: SE 20003378 20000921; US 2001290593 20010511
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB
  GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA
  MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA
  UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 13082
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... grade of 0 is not either a difficult task, because this grade states a
  total lack of information or protection .. The tricky part is to
  grade a checkpoint either lower(1 or 2) or higher(4 or 5) than 3.
  This latter part is up...
...fire extinguisher of the proper type should be placed easily accessible
  and signs have to be in place . A typical positive aspect on this
  checkpoint will be if the extinguisher is placed in an excellent
  position, it has been controlled recently and there are signs which are
  both obvious...
 13/3,K/28
               (Item 28 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
            **Image available**
00869470
A METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR SECURE TRANSMISSION OF DATA
PROCEDE ET SYSTEME POUR SECURISER UNE EMISSION DE DONNEES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  KRYPTOFAX LP, 155 Tims Road, Ancram, NY 12502, US, US (Residence), US
    (Nationality)
  VIRGA Richard, 298 Mulberry Street, Apt. 3G, New York, NY 10012, US,
  BITTNER Jack, 2 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10011, US,
Legal Representative:
  MESSINA Gerard A (agent), Kenyon and Kenyon, 1 Broadway, New York, NY
    10004, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 200203606 A1 20020110 (WO 0203606)
  Patent:
                        WO 2001US21329 20010705 (PCT/WO US0121329)
  Application:
```

```
Priority Application: US 2000610257 20000705
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ
  EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR
  LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
  TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 7145
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... display. Another possibility is to output the encrypted image
  to a diskette or ROM card and then insert (inverted exclamation mark
  )t into a decrypter to view (inverted exclamation mark)t without printing
  (inverted exclamation mark)t.
  It...
...by
  the user by entering an appropriate response on keyboard 12 to
  prompt on display 11. Information as to which encryption
  algorithm has been used to encrypt a document could be
  displayed as part of the automatically produced unecrypted
  text
  61, or (inverted exclamation mark )t could be encoded in any of several
  places in the <code>encrypted portion</code> of the <code>document</code> , such as by vary(inverted exclamation mark) ng the top
  of- page code 63, or by embedding an algorithm identifier
  within
  the coded symbols 62.
  FIG. lla is a...
                (Item 36 from file: 349)
 13/3, K/36
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
            **Image available**
00568591
A METHOD AND A DEVICE FOR ENCRYPTION OF IMAGES
PROCEDE ET DISPOSITIF DE CRYPTAGE D'IMAGES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  TELEFONAKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON (publ),
Inventor(s):
  JANDEL Magnus,
  LARSSON Mathias,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200031964 Al 20000602 (WO 0031964)
                         WO 99SE2106 19991117 (PCT/WO SE9902106)
  Application:
  Priority Application: SE 983979 19981120
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB
  GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA
```

MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 4000

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: ... 20000602

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description
Publication Year: 2000

Detailed Description

... the header that

defines a default coding unit order thus saving the bits that are needed for inserting explicit tags .

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

In Figs. 2a and 2b **block** diagrams describing how **encryption** can be implemented in the JPEG 2000 encoder and decoder respectively, are shown.

Thus, in Fig 2a a **block** diagram where **encryption** is performed after entropy coding in the encoder is shown. Coding units enter an entropy coding block...
...all.

In response to the selection made in the selector 203 the entropy coded coding units are encrypted in a block 205. The encrypted coding units together with the not encrypted coding units then form a combined output data stream, which can be stored or transmitted.

In Fig. 2b a decoder for decoding the bit stream...

13/3,K/38 (Item 38 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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00473022 **Image available**

SECURE TRANSACTIONS

TRANSACTIONS PROTEGEES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

GILBARCO LIMITED,

Inventor(s):

JOHNSON William Smith Jr,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9904374 A1 19990128

Application: WO 98GB2083 19980716 (PCT/WO GB9802083)

Priority Application: US 97895225 19970716; US 97895282 19970716; US

97895417 19970716

Designated States:

(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications prior to 2004)

AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 14162

```
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent:
                        ... 19990128
Fulltext Availability:
 Detailed Description
Publication Year: 1999
Detailed Description
... send encrypted CRN [ECRN]);
 UNSIGNED CHAR Tag
 Random-Number[8] (send TRN); and
 UNSIGNED CHAR LRC (checksum).
  - Secure Write Data
 The secure write data command causes the tag cryptography electronics 104
  to store data that...
...send 8 bytes of encrypted data);
 UNSIGNED CHAR Authenticator-Block[8] (send 8 bytes of encrypted
 authenticator
  data ); and
 UNSIGNED CHAR LRC (checksum).
 The possible replies from the tag 100 are.
 UNSIGNED CHAR Command-Accepted = ACK; and
 UNSIGNED CHAR Command-Not-Accepted = NAK.
  - Secure Add Data
 The secure add data command causes the tag cryptography electronics
 104 to add data that is part of this command to...
...relative to a group and starts from block 0.
 A sample protocol command sequence follows.
 UNSIGNED CHAR Secure -Add- Data = E6 (send command);
 UNSIGNED SHORT New Sequence number (send new sequence number);
 UNSIGNED CHAR Group-Number (select group);
 UNSIGNED SHORT Block-Number (select block);
 UNSIGNED CHAR Data [8] (send 8 byte encrypted
 UNSIGNED CHAR Authenticator-Block[8] (send 8 byte encrypted
 authenticator
  data ; and
 UNSIGNED CHAR LRC (checksum).
 The possible replies from the tag I 00 are.
 UNSIGNED CHAR Command-Accepted = ACK; and
 UNSIGNED CHAR Command-Not-Accepted = NAK.
   Secure Subtract Data
 The secure subtract data command causes the tag cryptography
 electronics 104 to perform a subtraction from the secure data storage
 area...Number (send current sequence number);
 UNSIGNED CHAR DES-Key-Counter (send DES key counter value);
 UNSIGNED CHAR Data [8] /* encrypted */ (send encrypted
 UNSIGNED CHAR Authenticator-Block[8] (send encrypted authentic or
  data );
  /* encrypted */ and
 UNSIGNED CHAR LRC (checksum).
 - Unsecure Write Data
 The unsecure write data command causes the tag cryptography electronics
 104 to store data that is part...
```

```
...is relative to a group and starts from block 0.
  A command protocol sequence follows;
  UNSIGNED CHAR Secure -Write- Data = E9 (send command);
  UNSIGNED CHAR Sequence-Number (send sequence number);
  UNSIGNED CHAR Group-Number (select group);
  UNSIGNED...
... UNSIGNED CHAR Command-Accepted = ACK; and
  UNSIGNED CHAR Command-Not-Accepted = NAK.
  - Unsecure Add Data
The unsecure add data command causes the tag cryptography electronics
  104 to add data that is part of this command to the data that is
  already in storage in the tag cryptography electronics 104. The sequence
  number is one higher than the sequence number stored in the tag
  cryptography electronics 104. The Add function adds the data in the
  block to the data in the command and stores the result in the...
\dotsrelative to a group and starts from block 0.
  The command protocol sequence would be.
  UNSIGNED CHAR Secure -Add- Data = EA (send command);
  UNSIGNED SHORT New-Sequence-number (send new sequence number);
  UNSIGNED CHAR Group-@Number (select...
               (Item 39 from file: 349)
 13/3,K/39
DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
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00440649
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR MODIFYING BROADCAST PROGRAMMING
SYSTEMES ET PROCEDES POUR MODIFIER LA PROGRAMMATION D'UNE EMISSION
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
 PERSONAL AUDIO,
Inventor(s):
  LOGAN James D,
  GOESSLING Daniel F,
  GOLDHOR Richard S,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 9831113 A2 19980716
  Patent:
                        WO 98IB208 19980106 (PCT/WO IB9800208)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 97780669 19970107
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM
  GW HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX
  NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW GH GM
  KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR
  GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN TD TG
Publication Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 8971
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        ... 19980716
  Patent:
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Publication Year: 1998
Detailed Description
     the playback rate, and allows a user to listen for marker signals, and
  thereby check if the markers have been properly inserted at the
  beginning and ends of the signal. The program will allow manual editing
```

to correct misplaced markers .

The editing program also allows a user to clip a segment and direct that segment to be stored by the recording element 20 depicted in Fig. 3. Additionally mechanism 56 that can decrypt an encrypted segment signal, to provide to the audio generator 58 a signal suitable for processing into an audio signal. Further, the shredder mechanism can delete...

...signal after it is transmitted to the audio signal generator 58, and can shred any copies of **encrypted** or decrypted **segment** signals by **encrypting** such signals with a randomly generated key, typically provided by a random number generator in the processor...

```
File
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Jul W4
         (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Jul
File
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
      65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Jul W5
File
         (c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File
       2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Jul W4
         (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Jun W2
File
         (c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File
       6:NTIS 1964-2005/Jul W4
         (c) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File 144: Pascal 1973-2005/Jul W4
         (c) 2005 INIST/CNRS
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Jul W5
File
         (c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
      99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/Jul
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File 266:FEDRIP 2005/Jun
         Comp & dist by NTIS, Intl Copyright All Rights Res
      95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2005/Jun W4
         (c) 2005 FIZ TECHNIK
Set
        Items
                Description
S1
       822271
                CHECKPOINT? ? OR KEYPOINT? ? OR TRIGGERPOINT? ? OR (CHECK -
             OR KEY OR TRIGGER) () POINT? ? OR MARK? ? OR MARKER? ? OR MARKI-
             NGS OR (START??? OR END???) () POINT? ? OR TAG OR TAGS
                S1(10N) (SEGMENT? ? OR SECTION? ? OR PORTION? ? OR PART OR -
$2
        24403
             PARTS OR FRAGMENT? ? OR BLOCK? ? OR PARAGRAPH? ? OR CHUNK? ? -
             OR PAGE OR PAGES)
S3
        25603
                 (ENCRYPT? OR ENCIPHER??? OR CIPHER??? OR PROTECT???? OR SC-
             RAMBL??? OR SECURE? ? OR SECURING) (7N) (SEGMENT? ? OR SECTION?
             ? OR PORTION? ? OR PART OR PARTS OR FRAGMENT? ? OR BLOCK? ? OR
              PARAGRAPH? ? OR CHUNK? ? OR PAGE OR PAGES)
                S1(7N)(INSERT??? OR ADD??? OR PLACE? ? OR PLACING)
S4
         8103
                S2 AND S3 AND S4
S5
                S2 AND S3
S6
           80
S7
                RD (unique items)
           62
S8
      1508844
                 (ENCRYPT? OR ENCIPHER??? OR CIPHER??? OR PROTECT???? OR SC-
             RAMBL??? OR SECURE? ? OR SECURING)
                S8(7N)(DOCUMENT? ? OR ARTICLE? ? OR MANUSCRIPT? ? OR WRITT-
S9
        34759
             EN()WORK? ? OR DIGITAL()(ASSET? ? OR GOOD? ?) OR VIDEO? ? OR -
             MOVIE? ? OR FILM? ? OR MUSIC OR SONG? ? OR AUDIO OR MP3? ?)
                S8(7N)(SOFTWARE OR PROGRAM? ? OR APPLICATION? ? OR CONTENT?
S10
       134639
              ? OR FILE? ? OR DATA OR INFORMATION OR INTELLECTUAL() PROPERTY
              OR MESSAGE? ?)
```

\$11

S7 AND S9:S10

14

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11/5/7
           (Item 1 from file: 94)
DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus
(c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv.
           JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 04A0111816 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E
An Encryption Scheme without Generating Specific Codes.
IWAMURA KEIICHI (1); HAYASHI JUN'ICHI (1)
(1) Canon Inc., JPN
Joho Shori Gakkai Shinpojiumu Ronbunshu, 2003, VOL.2003, NO.15, PAGE.217-222
 FIG.3, REF.2
JOURNAL NUMBER: Y0978BAT
                             ISSN NO: 1344-0640
UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 681.3.02-759
                                                  621.391.037.3
    681.3:621.397.3
LANGUAGE: Japanese
                            COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference Proceeding
ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper
MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication
ABSTRACT: Data Formats such as JPEG2000 use some marker codes which have
    special meaning. In such data formats, the marker codes must not be generated by encryption in data part. In this paper, we propose
    an encryption scheme which does not generate marker codes although
    uses well known encryption method such as DES or AES. (author abst.)
DESCRIPTORS: computer security; public key cryptography; image
    transformation; hierarchical structure; JPEG; decoding; resolving power
    ; image quality; parameterization; safety
IDENTIFIERS: encryption
BROADER DESCRIPTORS: security; guarantee; cryptogram; image processing;
    information processing; treatment; transformation and conversion;
    structure; ISO Standard; international standard;
    standard(specification); standard; image compression; modification;
    signal processing; performance; image characteristic; characteristic;
    property
CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): JD01020V; ND02030R; JE04010I
            (Item 2 from file: 94)
DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus
(c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv.
           JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 02A0622873 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E
Partial-scrambling of Images Encoded by JPEG2000 without Generations of
    Marker Codes.
KIYA HITOSHI (1); IMAIZUMI SHOKO (1)
(1) Tokyo Metropolitan Univ., Graduate School of Engineering, JPN
Denshi Joho Tsushin Gakkai Gijutsu Kenkyu Hokoku (IEIC Technical Report
    (Institute of Electronics, Information and Communication Enginners)
    2002, VOL.102,NO.152(IE2002 24-29), PAGE.19-24, FIG.14, TBL.1, REF.13
JOURNAL NUMBER: S0532BBG
UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 681.3:621.397.3
LANGUAGE: Japanese
                           COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper
MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication
ABSTRACT: In this paper, we propose a partial-scrambling method for
    JPEG2000 coded images, that avoids generations of marker codes. Since
    this method is based on EBCOT algorithm, it is compliant to JPEG2000
    standard CODEC. The proposed method scrambles body parts of
    JPEG2000 codestream by the half-byte so that it avoids generations of
    marker codes that causes miss decoding of JPEG2000 coded images. It is
    noted that marker codes represents codes of markers and marker
    segments partitioning code-streams in the range FF90h through FFFFh in
    this paper. (author abst.)
DESCRIPTORS: digital image; JPEG; image coding; data
                                                         protection ; signal
    processing; scrambler; marker; code; security
IDENTIFIERS: scrambling
```

BROADER DESCRIPTORS: image; ISO Standard; international standard; standard(specification); standard; image compression; image processing; information processing; treatment; coding(signal); modification; protection; signal converter; electric converter; converter; communication apparatus; equipment; object; guarantee CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): JE04010I

11/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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06824493 **Image available**

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MANAGING ELECTRONIC DOCUMENT

2001-051987 [JP 2001051987 A] February 23, 2001 (20010223) KUROKAWA TAKESHI PUB. NO.:

PUBLISHED:

INVENTOR(s):

KOJO SHINTARO

APPLICANT(s): FUJI XEROX CO LTD

APPL. NO.: 11-228316 [JP 99228316] August 12, 1999 (19990812) FILED:

INTL CLASS: G06F-017/21; G06F-003/00; G06F-017/30

ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To protect secret of document contents in a system for displaying a thumb nail (reduced image) of a document as an icon contents in a and performing editing operation to the document while using the icon.

SOLUTION: Concerning the document of a protection object, certificate information such as keyword is set. Concerning the protection to which the certificate information is set, an icon 130 of a prescribed mark such as the key mark showing necessity of the certifying operation is displayed on a work space part 120. Concerning the ordinary document to which the certificate information is not set, the icon 125a or 125b of a thumb nail on a certain page of the document is displayed. When the icon document is clicked by a mouse or the like, a 130 of the **protection** system requests input of the certificate information and when a user inputs the right certificate information corresponding to that request, in place of the icon 130 of the key mark , the icon containing the thumb nail on the certain page of that protection document is displayed.

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(Item 2 from file: 347) 11/5/2

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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Image available 03661144

SYSTEM FOR PROOF MARK TO ELECTRONIC MEDIUM INFORMATION

PUB. NO.: 04-026244 [JP 4026244 A] January 29, 1992 (19920129) PUBLISHED:

INVENTOR(s): KOZUKA HIROSHI

APPLICANT(s): MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP [000601] (A Japanese Company or

Corporation), JP (Japan)

02-131625 [JP 90131625] APPL. NO.: FILED:

May 22, 1990 (19900522) [5] H04L-009/32; H04L-012/54; H04L-012/58 INTL CLASS:

44.3 (COMMUNICATION -- Telegraphy) JAPIO CLASS:

Section: E, Section No. 1199, Vol. 16, No. 192, Pg. 79, May JOURNAL:

11, 1992 (19920511)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To prevent a proof mark from being illegally used by changing the proof mark of a proof marking individual for each electronic medium information while providing a message size detection part, cipher generation part to generate the password of the proof marking person on the proof mark side, and proof mark cipher generation part to generate a proof mark code by using size information and the password.

CONSTITUTION: The size information of a message is received through an electronic mail system 1a, inputted from a proof mark side console 2 to a proof mark0 code generation part 3a and obtained from a message size information detection part 4a. By using this message size information and the password of the proof mark person on the proof mark side ciphered by a password cipher generation part 5, a proof mark code generation part 3a generates the proof mark code. This code is added to the original received message and transmitted through the electronic mail system 1a to the proof mark confirmation side. On the proof mark confirmation side, based on the size information and the password information, the proof mark code is generated by a proof mark code generation part 3b even on the proof mark confirmation side, as well and by collating this code with the proof mark code taken out in advance, the proof mark is confirmed. Thus, the proof mark can be prevented from being used illegally.

11/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

01563330 **Image available**
MARKER SIGNAL DETECTION CIRCUIT

PUB. NO.: 60-041830 [JP 60041830 A] PUBLISHED: March 05, 1985 (19850305)

INVENTOR(s): SUGITA TAKEHIRO SAKAMOTO AKIRA FUKAMI TAKESHI

KOMATSUBARA MICHIMASA

APPLICANT(s): SONY CORP [000218] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 58-150704 [JP 83150704]
FILED: August 18, 1983 (19830818)
INTL CLASS: [4] H04K-001/06; H04L-009/00

JAPIO CLASS: 44.2 (COMMUNICATION -- Transmission Systems); 44.3

(COMMUNICATION -- Telegraphy)

JOURNAL: Section: E, Section No. 328, Vol. 09, No. 169, Pg. 21, July

13, 1985 (19850713)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To obtain a general-purpose marker signal detecting circuit by storing plural marker components inserted periodically in a specific information signal, and comparing the components with a preset bit pattern.

CONSTITUTION: The marker signal (synchronizing signal) component inserted to the redundant part of a sound signal scrambled at the transmission side is extracted by an HPF12 and waveform-shaped by a comparator 13, then fed to a shift register circuit 14 comprising plural shift registers SR. A pulse pattern to be detected is set in comparators 15, 16 in advance and the pattern is compared with an output from a register circuit 14. The coincidence output from the comparator 15 is stored in registers 17, 18 and when the output is detected consecutively for 4 times, a marker detection output is obtained at an output of AND circuits 20, 21. The result is fed to a control circuit 5 of a sequence rearranging processing section 6 for scramble data.

11/5/5 (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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016779907 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2005-104183/200512
XRPX Acc No: N05-090444

inserting method for e.g. video and audio data flow, Timing mark involves inserting timing mark in compressed data flow only after number of encrypted bits has reached/exceeded number of bits of

encryption block

Patent Assignee: STMICROELECTRONICS SA (SGSA)

Inventor: NICOLAI J

Number of Countries: 108 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Kind Date Applicat No Date Week A1 20050121 FR 2857813 FR 20038639 Α 20030716 200512 B WO 200509047 A2 20050127 WO 2004FR1791 Α 20040708

Priority Applications (No Type Date): FR 20038639 A 20030716 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

FR 2857813 **A**1 22 H04N-007/52

WO 200509047 A2 F H04N-007/52

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NA NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NA NL OA PL PT RO SD SE SI SK SL

SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW

Abstract (Basic): FR 2857813 Al

NOVELTY - The method involves encrypting bit by bit, a part of compressed data flow e.g. video flow, by block encryption algorithm. The bits of the compressed data flow, to be encrypted are stored in a buffer having a preset size. A timing mark is inserted in the compressed data flow only after the number of encrypted bits has reached or exceeded the number of bits of block , or only after the buffer has filled. encryption

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (a) a compressed and encrypted data flow obtained by a method inserting a timing mark in the compressed and encrypted flow
- (b) a coder or decoder of formatted and compressed audio or video data
- (c) a computer readable medium on which a program code implementing operations of a method of inserting a timing mark on a compressed and encrypted data flow, is recorded to permit the computer to broadcast the compressed and encrypted data flow.

 USE - Used for inserting a timing mark in a flow of compressed and encrypted data e.g. MPEG format video data and audio data

(claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The timing mark is inserted in the compressed data flow only after the number of encrypted bits has reached or exceeded the number of bits of encryption block, thus avoiding the data packet situated between two consecutive timing marks of the data flow to be transmitted without **encryption** . DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a simplified flow

chart of a method of inserting timing mark on a compressed and encrypted data flow.

pp; 22 DwgNo 3/4

Title Terms: TIME; MARK; INSERT; METHOD; VIDEO; AUDIO; DATA; FLOW; INSERT; TIME; MARK; COMPRESS; DATA; FLOW; AFTER; NUMBER; ENCRYPTION; BIT; REACH; NUMBER; BIT; ENCRYPTION; BLOCK

Derwent Class: W02

International Patent Class (Main): H04N-007/52

International Patent Class (Additional): H04N-007/167

File Segment: EPI

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(Item 4 from file: 350)
 11/5/7
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
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014805733
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-626439/200267
Related WPI Acc No: 2000-116848; 2000-341558; 2002-061444
XRPX Acc No: N02-495382
  Web browser display text alteration method for copy protection of data
    content, involves replacing text string between markers in buffer of
  memory location with alternate text string
Patent Assignee: RUBIN M (RUBI-I); SCHREIBER D (SCHR-I)
Inventor: RUBIN M; SCHREIBER D
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
                                                   Date
Patent No
              Kind
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                             Week
                     Date
US 20020078343 A1
                    20020620 US 99313067
                                              Α
                                                             200267 B
                                                   19990517
                             US 99397331
                                             А
                                                  19990914
                             US 2001774236
                                             Α
                                                 20010129
                             US 2001996623
                                                 20011128
                                             Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001996623 A 20011128; US 99313067
  A 19990517; US 99397331 A 19990914; US 2001774236 A 20010129
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
US 20020078343 A1
                     24 H04L-009/00
                                      CIP of application US 99313067
                                     CIP of application US 99397331
                                     CIP of application US 2001774236
Abstract (Basic): US 20020078343 A1
        NOVELTY - A buffer of memory locations containing contents of a
    formatted page is located. A text string between two markers within
    the buffer is replaced with an alternate text string. Special fill
    characters are inserted in unfilled memory locations between the
    markers .
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for display
    text altering system.
        USE - For altering the text displayed by the browser in computer
                               content of audio , video , images, HTML
    system to protect
                        data
    pages , e-mail and enterprise data.
        ADVANTAGE - The copying of text and image display by web browser on
    computer screen without authorization is prevented by replacing the
    displayed text string with alternate text string.
        DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the simplified diagram the content protection system.
    of the content
        pp; 24 DwgNo 1/12
Title Terms: WEB; DISPLAY; TEXT; ALTER; METHOD; COPY; PROTECT; DATA;
  CONTENT; REPLACE; TEXT; STRING; MARK; BUFFER; MEMORY; LOCATE; ALTERNATE;
  TEXT; STRING
Derwent Class: T01; W01
International Patent Class (Main): H04L-009/00
File Segment: EPI
             (Item 8 from file: 350)
 11/5/11
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
001230324
WPI Acc No: 1975-B4100W/197506
  Communications system with distorted-data repetition - has independent
  markers in equal length data blocks tested for correctness
Patent Assignee: SIEMENS AG (SIEI )
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
```

Patent Family:
Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
DE 2349505 B 19750130 197506 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): DE 2349505 A 19731002

Abstract (Basic): DE 2349505 B

The communications system has its data divided up into equal length data blocks and marker characters inserted into each block. The markers are independent of the transmitter and are tested for their correctness at the receiver. To improve the recognition of errors in transmission the individual marking characters forming a marker block are shuffled around amongst the characters in the data block requiring error protection. The distance between marking characters depends upon the 'width' of the expected error. When a distorted character has been determined, not only that character but also the previous character is repeated.

Title Terms: COMMUNICATE; SYSTEM; DISTORT; DATA; REPEAT; INDEPENDENT; MARK; EQUAL; LENGTH; DATA; BLOCK; TEST; CORRECT

Derwent Class: U21; U22; W01

International Patent Class (Additional): H03K-013/32; H04L-001/10 File Segment: FBI

File Segment: EPI